**Solutions Intermediate Unit 3. A good job**

**SB p 24, 129**

1. telesales operator – a person who sells company's products or services by telephone, either by phoning possible customers or by answering calls from customers
2. challenging – requiring great effort and determination; stimulating
3. rewarding – providing satisfaction; gratifying
4. shift work – a system in which different groups of workers work somewhere at different times of the day and night
5. bank clerk – an [employee](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/employee) of a [bank](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/bank) who [deals](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/deal) with [customers](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/customer), receives and [pays](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/pay) out [money](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/money)
6. well-paid – earning or paying a lot of money
7. be in charge of – to have responsibility for
8. salary – a fixed regular payment made by an employer, usually monthly
9. wage –  a particular amount of money that is paid, usually every week, especially to an employee who does unskilled work
10. negotiable – open to discussion or modification
11. construction worker – a person who works in the construction industry, esp. who does manual work
12. unskilled – this kind of work doesn’t need [special](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/special) [training](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/training) to do it
13. skilled – this kind of work [needs](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/need) someone who has had [special](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/special) [training](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/training) to do it
14. require – to need sth or make sth necessary
15. plasterer – a person whose job it is to apply plaster to walls, ceilings, or other surfaces
16. electrician – a person who installs, maintains and repairs electrical equipment
17. carpenter – a person who makes and repairs wooden objects and structures
18. labourer – a person who does a job which involves a lot of hard physical work
19. part-time work – if you do this kind of work, you work for only some of the day or the week
20. full-time work – work done for the whole of a working day or week
21. earn – to receive money as payment for work you do
22. manual work – work where you use hands or physical strength rather than mind
23. on your own – without help from anyone else
24. supervise – observe and direct the work of someone
25. badly-paid – earning or paying little money
26. tedious – boring or dull and rather frustrating
27. menial – not requiring much skill and lacking prestige
28. archaeologist – someone who studies the buildings, graves, tools, and other objects of people who lived in the past
29. accountant – a person whose job is to keep or inspect financial accounts
30. childminder – a person who looks after children in their own house for payment
31. civil servant – a member of the civil service
32. porter – a person employed to carry luggage and other loads, especially in a railway station, airport, hotel, or market
33. flight attendant – a steward or stewardess on an aircraft
34. IT consultant – a person who deals with computers and software
35. mathematician – someone who [studies](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/study), [teaches](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/teach), or is an [expert](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/expert) in [mathematics](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/mathematics)
36. optician – a person qualified to make and supply eyeglasses and contact lenses for correction of vision
37. pharmacist – a person who is qualified to prepare and sell medicines
38. politician – a person who works in politics
39. receptionist –  a person who works in a hotel, office, or hospital and who welcomes and helps visitors and answers the phone
40. scientist – an expert who studies or works in one of the sciences
41. social worker – a person who works for the social services or a private organization providing help and support for people who need it
42. software programmer – a person whose job is to produce computer programs
43. translator – a person whose job is changing words, especially written words, into a different language
44. interpreter – someone whose job is to change what someone else is saying into another language
45. waiter – a person whose job is to bring the food to customers at their tables in a restaurant
46. work out – 1) calculate, find the answer 2) train at the gym
47. work on – try to improve
48. be out of work – to be unemployed
49. be off work – not to be at work because you are not well
50. get down to work – start working
51. go back to work – start work after a period away
52. nurse – a [person](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/person) whose [job](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/job) is to [care](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/care) for [people](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/people) who are [ill](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/ill) or [injured](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/injured), [especially](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/especially) in a [hospital](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/hospital)

**SB p 25**

1. caretaker – a person employed to take care of a large building, such as a school, and who daels with the cleaning, repairs, etc.
2. employer – a person or organization that employs people
3. surgeon – a doctor who specializes in surgery
4. lab technician – a [worker](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/worker) [trained](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/trained) with [special](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/special) [skills](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/skill) in science to work in a laboratory
5. holiday resort – a place where many people go for rest
6. operating room – a special room where people are operated on in a hospital
7. call centre – a large office in which a company’s employees provide information to its customers, or sell or advertise its goods or services, by phone
8. building site – an area of land on which a building or a group of buildings is in the process of being built or altered

**SB p 26, 129**

1. essential – absolutely necessary; extremely important
2. degree – the qualification given to a student after he or she has completed his or her studies
3. graduate (n) – a person who has a degree from a college or university
4. course – a set of classes or a plan of study on a particular subject, usually leading to an exam or qualification
5. school-leaver – a young person who is about to leave or has just left secondary school
6. education – the process of learning in a school or college and the knowledge you get from this
7. undergraduate course – a course at a university or college to get the first degree
8. subsidise – support financially, pay part of the cost of smth
9. tuition fee – a sum of money charged for studying
10. living expenses (costs) – a sum of money you need to live a certain period of time
11. loan – a sum of money that you borrow for a period of time, often from a bank
12. income – money received, especially on a regular basis, for work or through investments
13. vocational course – a course where [students](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/student) [learn](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/learn) [skills](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/skill) that [involve](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/involve) [working](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/working) with [their](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/their) [hands](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/hand)
14. go on to do sth – to do sth after completing sth else
15. lay off – to stop giving work to sb
16. take out – to obtain a service
17. pay back – to give money back to sb that you borrowed from them
18. set up – to start a business, an organization, a system, etc.
19. give up – to stop doing or having sth; to stop trying to guess; to lose or be defeated
20. fill in – to give written information by completing a form
21. send in – to mail sth in a place
22. total up – to calculate the complete amount of sth
23. back up – to make a [copy](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/copy) of [information](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/information) in a [computer](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/computer) that is [stored](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/store) [separately](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/separate)

**SB p 28-29, 130**

1. gender – the physical and social condition of being male or female
2. employ – to have someone work or do a job for you and pay them for it
3. trainee – a person undergoing training for a particular job or profession
4. childcare – care for [children](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/children) [provided](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/provide) by either the [government](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/government), an [organization](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/organization), or a [person](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/person), while [parents](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/parent) are at [work](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/work) or are [absent](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/absent) for another [reason](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/reason)
5. nappy – a piece of thick soft paper or cloth that is fastened around a baby’s bottom and between its legs
6. minority – a smaller number or part
7. nursery schoolteacher – a teacher in preschool institution
8. air-traffic controller – a person who determines the altitude, speed, and direction at which planes fly in a given area, giving instructions to pilots by radio
9. plumber – a person whose job is to connect and repair things such as water pipes, baths, and toilets
10. colleague – one of a group of people who work together
11. applicant – a person who makes a formal application for something, especially a job
12. coach – someone whose [job](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/job) is to [teach](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/teach) [people](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/people) to [improve](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/improve) at a [sport](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/sport), [skill](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/skill), or [school](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/school) [subject](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/subject)
13. chairperson – the head of a committee, organization, or company
14. spokesperson – a [person](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/person) who is [chosen](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/chosen) to [speak](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/speak) [officially](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/officially) for a [group](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/group) or [organization](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/ru/%D1%81%D0%BB%D0%BE%D0%B2%D0%B0%D1%80%D1%8C/%D0%B0%D0%BD%D0%B3%D0%BB%D0%B8%D0%B9%D1%81%D0%BA%D0%B8%D0%B9/organization)
15. beauty therapist – a person whose job is to carry out treatments to improve a person's appearance, such as facials, manicures, removal of unwanted hair, etc.
16. coal miner – a person whose job is to remove coal from the ground
17. dental assistant – a person whose job is to assist the dental operator in providing more efficient dental treatment
18. mechanic – someone whose job is to repair machines and engines, especially car engines

**SB p 30**

1. bartender – a person serving drinks at a bar
2. recruitment agency – a business that is paid to find suitable workers for the companies and organizations
3. catering – any job making or serving food
4. conscientious – very careful to do their work properly
5. co-operative – willing to help or do what people ask
6. determined –  [wanting](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/wanting) to do something very much and not [allowing](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/allow) anyone or any difficulties to [stop](http://dictionary.cambridge.org/dictionary/english/stop) you
7. flexible – able to change easily according to the situation
8. self-motivated – able and willing to work without being told what to do
9. thoughtful – quiet and serious because you are thinking about something
10. trustworthy – able to be relied on as honest or truthful
11. chef – a skilled and trained cook who works in a hotel or restaurant, especially the most important cook
12. refuse collector – a car for collecting rubbish

**SB p 31**

1. recipient – a person who receives sth
2. reference – a letter that is written by someone who knows you, to describe you and say if you are suitable for a job, course, etc.
3. apply for – make a formal application or request
4. application – a formal written request for a job
5. enclose – to send sth in the same envelope or parcel as sth else
6. CV (curriculum vitae) –a short written description of your education, qualifications and previous jobs that you send to an employer when you are trying to get a job
7. supply – to provide sth that is wanted or needed
8. available – able to be bought or used; not busy and therefore able to do sth